Name $\qquad$

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.
Graph the ellipse and label all of the important pieces.


1) $\qquad$
2) 
3) $4 x^{2}-16 y^{2}+16 x-64 y-112=0$

Find the standard form of the equation of the ellipse and give the location of its foci.
3)


Center at (-1,2)

Find the standard form of the equation of the ellipse satisfying the given conditions.
4) Endpoints of major axis: $(-1,-8)$ and $(-1,2)$; endpoints of minor axis: $(-4,-3)$ and $(2,-3)$;
3) $\qquad$
4) $\qquad$
5) $\qquad$
6) Foci: $(-6,0),(6,0)$; $x$ - intercepts: -8 and 8

Graph the ellipse. Label all of the important pieces.

$$
\text { 7) } \frac{(x-2)^{2}}{16}+\frac{(y+1)^{2}}{4}=1
$$



Find the standard form of the equation of the hyperbola satisfying the given conditions.
8) Endpoints of transverse axis: $(0,-8),(0,8)$; asymptote: $y=\frac{4}{9} \mathrm{x}$
8) $\qquad$
9) $\qquad$
10) $\qquad$
10) Center: $(4,6)$; Focus: $(1,6)$; Vertex: $(3,6)$
9) Foci: (-10, 0), (10, 0); vertices: $(-6,0)$, $(6,0)$

Convert the equation to the standard form for a hyperbola by completing the square on x and y .
11) $y^{2}-4 x^{2}-4 y+8 x-4=0$
6)
7) $\qquad$


Find the standard form of the equation of the hyperbola.
12)

12) $\qquad$

Find center, vertices, covertices, foci and asymptotes and graph the hyperbola.
13) $9 x^{2}-4 y^{2}=36$

13) $\qquad$

Find the center, vertices, covertices, foci and asymptotes to graph the hyperbola.
14) $\frac{(y+1)^{2}}{9}-\frac{(x-2)^{2}}{16}=1$
14)


Convert the equation to the standard form for a parabola by completing the square on $x$ or $y$ as appropriate.
15) $x^{2}-4 x+3 y-5=0$

Find the focus and directrix of the parabola with the given equation.
16) $x^{2}=40 y$

Find the vertex, focus, and directrix of the parabola with the given equation.
17) $(x-2)^{2}=4(y+1)$

Graph the parabola.
18) $y^{2}=5 x$
18) $\qquad$

17) $\qquad$

Find the standard form of the equation of the parabola using the information given.
19) Focus: $(3,7)$; Directrix: $y=-3$
19) $\qquad$
20) $\qquad$


Identify the equation without completing the square.
21) $2 x^{2}-2 x+y+4=0$
22) $2 x^{2}+4 y^{2}+8 x+4 y=0$
23) $4 x^{2}-4 y^{2}+5 x+4 y+3=0$
24) $5 x^{2}-6 y^{2}+2 x-3 y-5=0$
25) $2 y^{2}-3 x+2 y=0$
21) $\qquad$
22) $\qquad$
23) $\qquad$
24) $\qquad$
25)
) $\qquad$

