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FRI

$$y = a \cdot b^x$$



### 3.5 | Exponential Growth & Decay; Modeling Data

Compound Interest

$$A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

← BIG

Continuously Compounded

$$A = Pe^{rt}$$

$$A = A_0 e^{kt}$$

final

initial

growth rate

ex 1) Investment: 2000

$$A = 3100 e^{0.046t}$$

initial investment

growth rate

When will the account be worth \$3902?

$$\frac{3902}{3100} = \frac{3100 e^{0.046t}}{3100}$$

$$\frac{3902}{3100} = e^{0.046t} \quad * \ln \text{ both sides}$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{3902}{3100}\right) = \ln e^{0.046t}$$

$$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{3902}{3100}\right)}{0.046} = t \approx 5 \text{ year} + 2000 = 2005$$

ex 2) Popl (1984): 22 million / Popl (1994): 31 million


$$A = 22 e^{kt}$$

$$31 = 22 e^{k(10)}$$

$$\frac{31}{22} = e^{10k}$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{31}{22}\right) = 10k$$

$$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{31}{22}\right)}{10} = k \approx 0.0343$$

ex 3)   $A = A_0 e^{-0.00693x}$

Radioactive Material: 900 lbs

How much is left after 30yrs?

$$A = 900 e^{-0.00693(30)}$$

$$\approx 731.1 \text{ lbs.}$$

ex 4) Half-life of silicon-32: 710 years.

50g  $\rightarrow$  How much will be present in 200 years?

$$A = A_0 e^{kt}$$

$$\frac{25}{50} = \frac{50}{50} e^{k(710)}$$

Find k.

$$\frac{1}{2} = e^{710k} \quad * \ln \text{ both sides}$$

$$\ln \frac{1}{2} = \ln e^{710k}$$

$$\ln \frac{1}{2} = 710k$$

$$\frac{\ln \frac{1}{2}}{710} = k$$

$$A = 50 e^{\left(\frac{\ln \frac{1}{2}}{710}\right)(200)} \approx 41.131 \text{ g}$$

ex 5) Leaf: 15% carbon 14. Half-life carbon-14: 5600 years.  
How old is the fossil?

$$A = A_0 e^{kt} \quad * \text{ Find } k.$$

$$\frac{A}{A_0} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = e^{k(5600)}$$

$$\ln \frac{1}{2} = \ln e^{5600k}$$

$$\ln \frac{1}{2} = 5600k$$

$$\frac{\ln \frac{1}{2}}{5600} = k$$

$$A = A_0 e^{\left(\frac{\ln \frac{1}{2}}{5600}\right)t}$$

$$\frac{A}{A_0} = 15\%$$

$$.15 = e^{\left(\frac{\ln \frac{1}{2}}{5600}\right)t}$$

$$\ln .15 = \ln e^{\left(\frac{\ln \frac{1}{2}}{5600}\right)t}$$

$$\ln .15 = \frac{\ln \frac{1}{2}}{5600} \cdot t$$

$$15327 \text{ years} \approx \ln .15 \left( \frac{5600}{\ln \frac{1}{2}} \right) = t$$

HW: p447 # 2-34 even