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## 3-3 Reteach to Build Understanding

Transforming Linear Functions

1. The graphs show how the function $g$ relates to the parent function $f$. Draw lines from each statement to the graph it describes.


The value of $k$ is 2 , so the graph translates 2 units right.


The value of $k$ is 5 , so the slope is scaled by a factor of 5 .


The value of $k$ is 4 , so the graph translates 4 units up.
2. Margaret identified the different transformations of graphs. She has made two mistakes. Identify and correct her errors.

| Parent <br> Function | Equation of <br> Transformation | Margaret's <br> Identification | Mistake | Correct <br> Identification |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $f(x)=2 x-7$ | $g(x)=f(x-2)$ | Vertical translation |  |  |
| $f(x)=2 x-7$ | $g(x)=-2 f(x)$ | Vertical stretch |  |  |

3. Consider $f(x)=x+2$. If $g(x)=3 f(x)$, how does the graph of $g$ compare with the graph of $f$ ? Complete the work.

Step 1: Make a table of values.

| $x$ | $f(x)=x+2$ | $g(x)=3 f(x)$ |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| -3 | -1 | -3 |
| -2 | 0 | 0 |
| -1 |  | 3 |
| 0 |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |

Step 2: Graph the functions.


Since $k>1$, the graph of $g$ is a vertical stretch of the graph of $f$. The slope and the $y$-intercept of the graph are scaled by a factor of $\qquad$ .

