## 6-1 Additional Practice

Rational Exponents and Properties of Exponents
Write each radical using a rational exponent.

1. $\sqrt[4]{7}$
2. $\sqrt[9]{10^{5}}$
3. $\sqrt{a^{-3}}$
4. $\sqrt[3]{b^{a}}$

Solve each equation.
5. $\left(4^{\frac{x}{2}}\right)\left(4^{\frac{x}{5}}\right)=4^{14}$
6. $\left(2^{2 x+2}\right)\left(2^{3 x-7}\right)=2^{25}$
7. $\frac{8^{\frac{x}{2}}}{4^{\frac{x}{3}}}=2^{-\frac{5}{2}}$
8. $\left(\frac{1}{64}\right)^{\frac{x}{2}+1}=\left(\frac{1}{16}\right)^{\frac{x}{3}-3}$
9. $3=\left(5^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)$
10. $36^{2 x-7}=6^{x-5}$
11. Explain how to solve an equation of the form $x^{\frac{p}{q}}=a$ for nonzero integers $x, p$, $q$, and $a$. What is $x$ in terms of $a, p$, and $q$ ?
12. A triangle has a base of $x^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{~m}$ and a height of $x^{\frac{3}{4}} \mathrm{~m}$. If the area of the triangle is $16 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$, what are the base and the height of the triangle?

