



UNDERSTAND

13. **Reason** How is it possible that the sum of two quadratic trinomials is a linear binomial?
14. **Error Analysis** Describe and correct the error a student made when naming the polynomial.

$-2x^3 + 5x^4 - 3x$ is a cubic trinomial. **X**

15. **Error Analysis** Describe and correct the error a student made when subtracting the polynomials.

$(-5x^2 + 2x - 3) - (3x^2 - 2x - 6)$
 $-5x^2 + 2x - 3 - 3x^2 - 2x - 6$
 $-8x^2 - 9$ **X**

16. **Reason** What is the missing term in the equation?
- a. $(\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 7) + (2x - 6) = -4x + 1$
- b. $(a^2 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 1) - (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 5a + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = 4a^2 - 2a + 7$
17. **Higher Order Thinking** Describe each statement as *always*, *sometimes*, or *never* true.
- a. A linear binomial has a degree of 0.
- b. A trinomial has a degree of 2.
- c. A constant has a degree of 1.
- d. A cubic monomial has a degree of 3.
18. **Make Sense and Persevere** Consider the set of linear binomials $ax + b$, where a and b are positive integers, $a > 0$ and $b > 0$.
- a. Does the set have closure for addition? Explain.
- b. Does the set have closure for subtraction? Explain.

PRACTICE

Find the degree of each monomial. SEE EXAMPLE 1

19. $\frac{x}{4}$ 20. $-7xy$
21. 21 22. $4x^2y$

Name each polynomial based on its degree and number of terms. SEE EXAMPLE 1

23. $17yx^2 + xy - 5$
24. $5x^3 + 2x - 8$
25. $100x^2 + 3$
26. $-9x^4 + 8x^3 - 7x + 1$

Simplify each expression. Write the answer in standard form. SEE EXAMPLES 2 AND 3

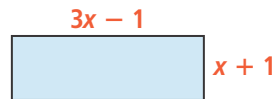
27. $3x + 2x^2 - 4x + 3x^2 - 5x$
28. $5 + 8y^2 - 12y^2 + 3y$
29. $3z - 7z^2 - 5z + 5z^2 + 2z^2$
30. $7 - 2x + 3 + 5x + 4x^2$

Add or subtract. Write each answer in standard form. SEE EXAMPLES 4 AND 5

31. $(3b - 8) + (7b + 4)$
32. $(2x^2 - 7x^3 + 8x) + (-8x^3 - 3x^2 + 4)$
33. $(5y^2 - 2y + 1) - (y^2 + y + 3)$
34. $(-7a^4 - a + 4a^2) - (-8a^2 + a - 7a^4)$
35. $(4m^2 - 2m + 4) + (2m^2 + 2m - 5)$

Write an expression to represent each situation. SEE EXAMPLE 6

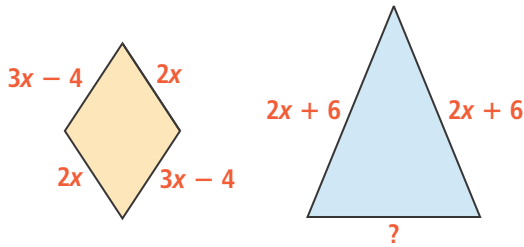
36. Find the perimeter of the rectangle.



37. A cube has square sides with area $x^2 + 24x + 144$. What expression represents the surface area of the cube?
38. A rectangle has a length of $5x + 2$ in. and a width of $4x + 6$ in. What is the perimeter of the rectangle?

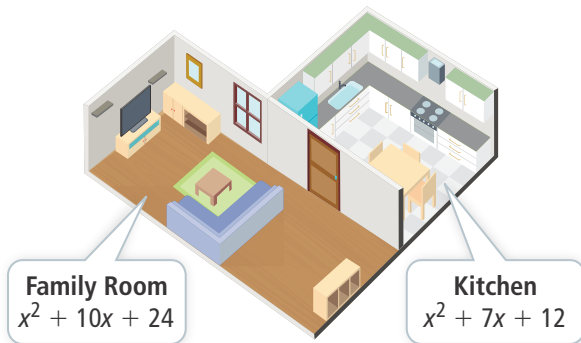
APPLY

39. **Mathematical Connections** The perimeters of the two figures are equal.



What expression represents the missing side length?

40. **Make Sense and Persevere** The owners of a house want to knock down the wall between the kitchen and family room.

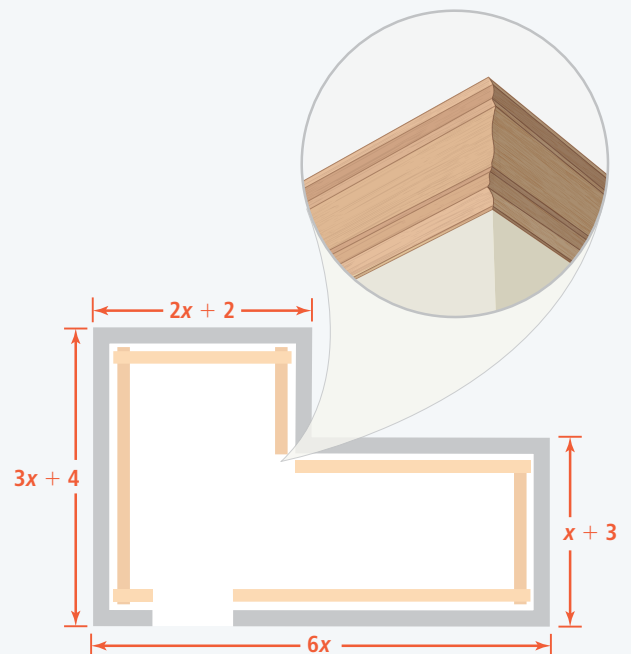


What expression represents the area of the new combined open space?

41. **Reason** Polynomial A has degree 2; Polynomial B has degree 4. What can you determine about the name and degree of the sum of the polynomials and the difference of the polynomials if
- Polynomial A is a binomial and Polynomial B is a monomial?
 - Both Polynomial A and Polynomial B are binomials?
42. **Model With Mathematics** A large indoor market is set up with 4 rows of booths. There are large booths with an area of x^2 sq. units, medium booths with an area of x sq. units, and small booths with an area of 1 sq. unit. In the marketplace, two of the rows contain 7 large booths, 6 medium booths, and 5 small booths each. The other two rows each contain 3 large booths, 5 medium booths, and 10 small booths. What is the total area of the booths in the marketplace?

ASSESSMENT PRACTICE

43. Which expression is equivalent to $(x^2 + 3x - 5) - (4x^2 + 3x - 6)$?
- $5x^2 + 6x - 11$
 - $-3x^4 + 6x^2 + 1$
 - $-3x^2 + 1$
 - $-3x^2 + 6x - 11$
44. **SAT/ACT** What is the sum of $-2x^2 + 3x - 4$ and $3x^2 - 4x + 6$?
- $x^4 - x^2 + 2$
 - $5x^4 + 7x^2 + 10$
 - 2
 - $x^2 - x + 2$
 - $2x^6$
45. **Performance Task** A room has the dimensions shown below. Molding was installed around the edge of the ceiling.



- Part A** Write an expression to represent the amount of molding needed.
- Part B** Sam used 80 feet of molding. What is the measurement of each edge of the ceiling?