Name _

1-3 Reteach to Build Understanding

Piecewise–Defined Functions

A piecewise–defined function has different rules for different parts, or pieces, of its domain. In order to evaluate a piecewise–defined function for a given value of *x*, find the interval, or piece, that *x* belongs to. Find the corresponding definition of the function for that interval.

1. Given the function

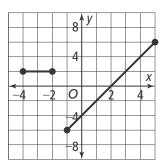
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3 & -5 \le x < -2 \\ x - 2 & -2 \le x \le 0 \end{cases}$$

Solve the piecewise–defined functions for the values listed. Use the equations shown for each group.

Use $f(x) = 3$	$-5 \le x < -2$ to solve a $-c$.	
a. <i>f</i> (-5) = 3	b. <i>f</i> (-4) =	c. <i>f</i> (-3) =
Use $f(x) = x - 2$	-2 < x < 0 to solve d – f.	
d. <i>f</i> (-2) =	e. <i>f</i> (−1) = −3	f . <i>f</i> (0) =

2. Deon graphed the piecewise-defined function. Explain what mistake he made and how he should fix it.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 4 & -4 < x < -2 \\ 2x - 4 & -1 < x < 2 \\ 3x & 2 \le x < 5 \end{cases}$$



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- 3. Use the piecewise-defined function to fill in the blanks with the correct answer.
 - $f(x) = \begin{cases} 4 & -4 < x < -2 \\ 2x 4 & -1 < x < 2 \\ 3x & 2 \le x < 5 \end{cases}$ a. The domain is used when graphing the function f(x) = 2x 4. b. The equation is used to find f(x) = 15.