Name _



2-4 Reteach to Build Understanding

Complex Numbers and Operations

A complex number consists of a real part and an imaginary part. It is written in the form of a + bi, where a and b are real numbers. When you multiply b and i, the whole term becomes imaginary.

 $i = \sqrt{-1}$ and $i^2 = (\sqrt{-1})(\sqrt{-1}) = -1$

1. Circle the real number *a* and underline the imaginary term, *bi*. Then solve the problem and match it to the correct answer.

a. (7 – 3 <i>i</i>) + (–4 + 9 <i>i</i>)	1. 11 – 12 <i>i</i>
b. (7 – 3 <i>i</i>) – (–4 + 9 <i>i</i>)	2. $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{14i}{5}$
c. (7 – 3 <i>i</i>)(–4 + 9 <i>i</i>)	3. 3 + 6 <i>i</i>
d. $\frac{4+5i}{2-i}$	4. –1 + 75 <i>i</i>

2. Abdul solved the following problems and he made some mistakes. Can you find his errors and fix them?

a.
$$(12 - 5i) + (10 + 6i) = 23i$$

Write the quotient as a + bi. $\frac{4+6i}{2-3i}$ $\frac{4+6i}{2-3i} \times \frac{2-3i}{2-3i}$ $\frac{26}{-5} - \frac{1}{12i}$

3. Write the product or quotient as a + bi. Justify each step.

a.
$$(-6 - 3i)(-5 - 2i)$$

 $(-6)() - ()(2i) - (5)(-3i) - ()()$ Distribute -6 and -3*i*.