## 3-7 Reteach to Build Understanding

## Transformations of Polynomial Functions

1. A function $f(x)$ is called even, if replacing $x$ by $-x$ does not change the function. If changing $x$ to $-x$ results in changing $f(x)$ to $-f(x)$, then the function is called odd. Identify the functions as even, odd, or neither.

| Type of Function: Unknown | Type of Function |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. $f(x)=-x^{3}-21 x$ |  |
| b. $g(x)=2 x^{3}+5 x-8$ |  |
| c. $g(x)=21 x^{4}-6 x^{2}-8$ |  |

2. Tavon described the transformations of these functions. Put an $X$ next to an incorrect answer, and correct the error.

| Parent <br> Function | Transformed <br> Function | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |

3. $f(x)=x^{2}$ is the parent function of $g(x)=x^{2}+4 x-3$. Determine how the graph of $f(x)$ transformed to the graph of $g(x)$.

Step1. $g(x)=x^{2}+4 x-3$
Step 2. $g(x)=x^{2}+4 x-3+4-4$

Given transformed function.
Add and subtract 4; so you can factor the first two terms.

Step 3. $g(x)=\left(x^{2}+4 x+4\right)-3-4 \quad$ Group three terms inside parentheses.
Step 4. $g(x)=\left(x^{2}+2\right)^{2}-3-4$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ .

Step 5. $g(x)=\left(x^{2}+2\right)^{2}-7$
Conclusion: The graph of $f(x)$ moved $\qquad$ to the left.

Then it moved $\qquad$ .

